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What administration instructions should you give to your patient about taking Levothyroxine? SATA

- A. Take medications in an empty stomach
- B. Take medications with food
- C. Take medication 30-60 minutes before breakfast
- D. Take medication with a glass of milk or orange juice to help with absorption
- E. Do not take medications with Calcium, iron, or antacids

- A. Take medications in an empty stomach
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You start a patient in Levothyroxine 112mcg six weeks ago. She is returning to have thyroid hormones checked. The TSH is still slightly elevated. The NP should:

- A. Increase Levothyroxine to 125 mcg
- B. continue with current dose and will repeat TSH in 6 weeks
- C. Obtain T4
- D. Increase Levothyroxine to 150 mcg

- A. Increase Levothyroxine to 125 mcg

Your patient asks, "how long does it take to get the full effects of radioactive iodine"?

- A. 2-3 months
- B. 5-6 months
- C. 4-5 months
- D. 12 months

- A. 2-3 months

A 25 year old female presents complaining about nervousness, palpitations, tremors, and weight loss. On examination you note retracted eye lids and a brownish discoloration of the shins. The NP refers to endocrine. The endocrinologist will likely:

- A. Schedule for thyroidectomy

B. Fentanyl

Which drug is used as an emergency reversal agent for opioid overdose?

A. Methylnaltrexone

B. Tramadol

C. Naloxone

D. Pentazocine

C. Naloxone

Which opioid agent agonists-antagonist can induce withdrawal in patients dependent on pure opioids?

A. Methylnaltrexone

B. Tapentadol

C. Pentazocine

D. Fentanyl

C. Pentazocine

What is the mechanism of action of Tramadol?

A. Strong mu agonist

B. Kappa antagonist

C. Weak opioid agonist + reuptake inhibitor

D. Pure opioid antagonist

C. Weak opioid agonist + reuptake inhibitor

Which opioid is used to specifically treat opioid induced constipation?

A. Naloxone

B. Methylnaltrexone

C. Fentanyl

D. Tapentadol

B. Methylnaltrexone

Which formulation of naloxone is NOT effective due to first pass metabolism?

A. Intramuscular

as her pH tends to be off whitening her period. Which of the following medication are contraindicated for her to use for pain management at this time due to drug interaction?

- A. Celecoxib
- B. Naproxen
- C. Aspirin
- D. Ibuprofen
- E. Acetaminophen

A. Celecoxib

Levels of Celecoxib increase with Fluconazole

Which condition is a contraindication for glucocorticoid therapy?

- A. Asthma
- B. Psoriasis
- C. Systemic fungal infection
- D. Rheumatoid arthritis

C. Systemic fungal infection

What is the purpose of tapering glucocorticoids before discontinuation?

- A. To prevent renal failure
- B. To allow immune system to adjust
- C. To prevent adrenal insufficiency
- D. To avoid GI ulcers

C. To prevent adrenal insufficiency

Long term use of Glucocorticoids can cause:

- A. Addison's disease
- B. Cushing's disease
- C. Graves' disease
- D. Diabetes insipidus

B. Cushing's disease

Expected findings in AOM include:

- a. prominent bony landmarks
 - b. Tympanic membrane immobility
 - c. itchiness and crackling in the affected ear
 - d. submental lymphadenopathy
- b. Tympanic membrane immobility

A 25 year old patient has a 3 day history of left ear pain that began after one week of URI symptoms. On physical exam, you find that she has AOM. She is allergic to PCN with a

flat pink rash only. She took an oral antimicrobial for the treatment of a UTI 2 weeks ago.

The

most appropriate oral antimicrobial option for this patient is:

- a. clarithromycin
 - b. Amoxicillin
 - c. cefpodoxime
 - d. trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole
- c. cefpodoxime

Which of the following organisms is not the top 3 for bacterial conjunctivitis?

- a. Staphylococcus aureus
 - b. Psuedomonas
 - c. Haemophilus influenzae
 - d. Strep pneumoniae
- b. Psuedomonas

A 19 year old presents with a complaint of bilaterally itchy, red eyes with tearing that occurs intermittently throughout the year and is often accompanied by a rope like eye

discharge and clear nasal discharge. This is most consistent with:

- a. Viral conjunctivitis