Pharmacology Final Exam Questions

- 1. While providing an Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor, the patient asks what the action of the drug is. As a health care provider, you explain that the action of an ACE inhibitor is
 - a. To lower blood pressure by blocking the conversion of angiotensin I to vasoconstrictor angiotensin II
 - b. To inhibit reabsorption of sodium back into the body, ultimately increasing urine output and lowering blood pressure
 - c. To decrease heart rate and blood pressure by competing with Beta1 and Beta2 receptors in the heart and lungs
 - d. To lower blood glucose by stimulating the release of insulin
- 2. When administering the drug senna to a patient, a health care provider must inform the patient of which of the following
 - a. This drug is intended to lower blood pressure and is best used in combination with other antihypertensives
 - b. This drug is not intended for long term use
 - c. The patient must limit his/her fiber intake
 - d. Advise patient to change positions slowly to limit the risk of orthostatic hypotension
- 3. When giving digoxin (Lanoxin) to a patient, the health care provider notices various signs and symptoms of an overdose. The health care provider knows to give which of the following to reverse digoxin toxicity
 - a. Naloxone
 - b. Vitamin K
 - c. Digibind
 - d. Fluemanzil
- 4. Which of the following types of insulin is "long-acting"?
 - a. Lispro (Humalog)
 - b. NPH (Humulin N)
 - c. Regular insulin (Humulin R)
 - d. Glargine (Lantus)
- 1. What is the therapeutic use of metformin?
 - A. Lower blood pressure.
 - B. To diminish seizure activity.
 - C. The maintenance of a person's blood glucose.
 - D. Increase heart rate and decrease gastrointestinal secretions.

- b. change in stomach pH
- c. thirst
- d. constipation
- 3. The classification of digoxin is:
 - a. antithrombic
 - b. nitrates
 - c. antiplatelet agent
 - d. cardiac glycosides
- 4. What decreases the renin angiotensin aldosterone system?
 - a. angiotensin 2 receptor antagonists
 - b. beta blocckers
 - c. ACE inhibitors
 - d. propranolol
- 1. Orthostatic hypotension is a common side effect in which of these drugs (select all that apply)?
 - a. ACE Inhibitors
 - b. Anticoagulants
 - c. Beta Blockers
 - d. Calcium Channel Blockers
 - e. Antidiarrheal
 - f. Diuretics
- 2. What is the effect of Beta Blockers?
 - a. Relief of diarrhea
 - b. Relief of symptoms associated with allergies
 - c. Decreases blood pressure and heart rate
 - d. Prevents constipation

- **22.** Which of the following pharmacologic classifications does the drug propranolol fall under?
 - a. Beta Blockers
 - **b.** Cholinergics
 - c. Immune globulins
 - d. Barbiturates
- **23.** Name a desired outcome of the drug Phenytoin:
 - a. Decrease symptoms of PTSD
 - b. Resolution of signs of infection
 - c. Decrease or cessation of seizures without excessive sedation
 - d. Prevention or relief of bronchospasm
- **24.** What is/are the action(s) of the drug metformin?
 - a. Decreases Hepatic glucose production and intestinal glucose absorption
 - **b.** Increases sensitivity to insulin
 - c. Short term sedation
 - d. Both A and B
- **25.** A patient comes to the hospital with a suspected opioid overdose, what would be the appropriate medication to be administered?
 - a. Exenatide
 - b. Naloxone
 - c. Heparin
 - d. Tolvaptan
- **26.** What is an example of a medication that is a bronchodilator
 - a. Albuterol
 - b. Omeprazole
 - c. Ondansetron
 - d. Senna
- 27. Hydrochlorothiazide is classified as a
 - a. Ant-inflammatory
 - b. Antiarrhythmics
 - c. Diuretics
 - d. Antifungals
- 28. What does it mean when a medication has a half-life?
 - a. It only lasts for 30 mins after the medication is given
 - b. How long it takes for half of the dose to be eliminated from the blood stream
 - c. It is the peak of how effective the medicine is
 - **d.** Drug is greatly reduced before it reaches the systemic circulation

- **c.** decrease in fluid output
- d. decrease in apical pulse.
- 89. A patient has overdosed on Warfarin, what should be given to the patient to be reveresed?
 - a. narcan
 - **b.** Vitamin C
 - c. Protamine sulfate
 - d. Vitamin K
- 90. What is the therapeutic classification of phenytoin (Dilantin)
 - a. Mood stabilizer
 - **b.** Bronchodilator
 - c. anticonvulsant
 - d. Mood stabilizer
- 91. What is one of the therapeutic uses of ACE inhibitors
 - a. Lowering of Blood pressure
 - b. Bronchodilation
 - c. Decreased incidence of nausea and vomiting
 - d. Decrease in severity of pain
- **92.** When administering the medication Spironolactone, when is the best time to administer it?
 - a. Evening
 - **b.** Noon
 - c. At bedtime
 - d. Morning
- 93. What is the pharmacologic classification of Amlodipine
 - a. Beta blocker
 - **b.** 5-HT3 antagonist
 - c. Nonopioid analgesic
 - d. Calcium channel blocker