RN Comprehensive Predictor **2019 Form A** : 180 Q&A

RN Comprehensive Predictor **2019 Form B** : 180 Q&A

ATI Comprehensive **Exit Final** : 180 Q&A

RN Comprehensive **Predictor 2019** : 180 Q&A

RN Comprehensive Predictor **2016 Test C** : 180 Q&A

RN Exit Exam : 180 Q& A

RN Comprehensive Predictor 2019 Form A

- 1. A nurse in a pediatric unit is preparing to insert an IV catheter for 7-year-old. Which of the following actions should the nurse take?
 - A. (Unable to read)
 - B. Tell the child they will feel discomfort during the catheter insertion.
 - C. Use a mummy restraint to hold the child during the catheter insertion.
 - D. Require the parents to leave the room during the procedure.
- 2. A nurse is caring for a client who has arteriovenous fistula Which of the following findings should the nurse report?
 - A. Thrill upon palpation.
 - B. Absence of a bruit.
 - C. Distended blood vessels
 - D. Swishing sound upon auscultation.
- 3. A nurse is providing discharge teaching for a client who has an implantable cardioverter defibrillator which of the following statements demonstrates understanding of the teaching?
 - A. "I will soak in the tub rather and showering"
 - B. "I will wear loose clothing around my ICD"
 - C. "I will stop using my microwave oven at home because of my ICD"
 - D. "I can hold my cellphone on the same side of my body as the ICD"
- 4. A nurse is caring for a client who is at 14 weeks gestation and reports feelings of ambivalence about being pregnant. Which of the following responses should the nurse make?
 - A. "Describe your feelings to me about being pregnant"
 - B. "You should discuss your feelings about being pregnant with your provider"
 - C. "Have you discussed these feelings with your partner?"
 - D. "When did you start having these feelings?"
- 5. A nurse is planning care for a client who has a prescription for a bowel- training program following a spinal cord injury. Which of the following actions should the nurse include in the plan of care?
 - A. Encourage a maximum fluid intake of 1,500 ml per day.
 - B. Increase the amount of refined grains in the client's diet.
 - C. Provide the client with a cold drink prior to defecation.
 - D. Administer a rectal suppository 30 minutes prior to scheduled defecation times.

- 85. A nurse is caring for a client who is receiving intermittent feedings via a feeding via a feeding pump and is experiencing dumping syndrome. Which of the following actions should the nurse take?
 - A. Administer a refrigerated feeding.
 - B. Increased the amount of water use to flush the tubing.
 - C. (Unable to read) rate of the client's feedings.
 - D. Instruct the client to move onto their right side.
- 86. A nurse in an emergency department is caring for a client who received a dose of penicillin and is now anxious, flushing, tachycardic and has difficulty swallowing. Which of the following actions is the nurse's priority?
 - A. Monitor the client's ECG
 - B. Take the client's vital signs.
 - C. Administer oxygen
 - D. Insert an IV line.
- 87. A nurse is caring for a client who has Raynaud's disease. Which of the following actions should the nurse take?
 - A. Provide information about stress management.
 - B. Maintain a cool temperature in the client's room.
 - C. Administer epinephrine for acute episodes.
 - D. Give glucocorticoid steroid twice per day.
- 88. A nurse is reviewing the medical history of a client who has angina. Which of the following findings in the client's medical history should identify as a risk factor for angina?
 - A. Hyperlipidemia.
 - B. COPD
 - C. Seizure disorder
 - D. Hyponatremia.
- 89. A nurse is caring for a client who is 12 hr. postpartum and has a third-degree perineal laceration. The client reports not having a bowel movement for 4 days. Which of the following medications should the nurse administer?
 - A. Bisacodyl 10 mg rectal suppository.
 - B. Magnesium hydroxide 30 ml PO.
 - C. Famotidine 20 mg PO.
 - D. Loperamide 4 mg PO.

- 151. A nurse is reviewing the medical records of four clients. The nurse should identify that which of the following client findings requires follow up care?
 - A. A client who received a Mantoux test 48hr ago and has an induration
 - B. A client who is schedule for a colonoscopy and is taking sodium phosphate
 - C. A client who is taking warfarin and has an INR of 1.8
 - D. A client who is takin bumetanide and has a potassium level of 3.6 mEq/L
- 152. A nurse is caring for a client who is postpartum and request information about contraception. Which of the following instructions should the nurse include?
 - A. "The lactation amenorrhea method is effective for your first year postpartum"
 - B. "You can continue to use the diaphragm used before your pregnancy"
 - C. "Place transdermal birth control patch on your upper arm"
 - D. "I should avoid vaginal spermicides while breast feeding."
- 153. A nurse is reviewing the facility's safety protocols considering newborn abduction with the parent of a newborn. Which of the following statements indicates an understanding of the teaching?
 - A. "Staff will apply identification band after first bath"
 - B. "I will not publish public announcement about my baby's birth"
 - C. "I can remove my baby's identification band as long as she is in my room"
 - D. "I can leave my baby in my room while I walk in the hallway"
- 154. A nurse is developing a plan of care for a client who has preeclampsia and is to receive magnesium sulfate via continuous IV infusion. Which of the following actions should the nurse include in the plan?
 - A. Restrict the client's total fluid intake to 250 mL/hr
 - B. Give the protamine if signs of magnesium sulfate toxicity occur
 - C. Monitor the FHR via Doppler every 30min
 - D. Measure the client's urine output every hour
- 155. A nurse is receiving a telephone prescription from a provider for a client who requires additional medication for pain control. Which of the following entries should the nurse make in the medical record?
 - A. "Morphine 3 mg SQ every 4 hr. PRN for pain."
 - B. "Morphine 3 mg Subcutaneous (Unable to read)
 - C. "Morphine 3.0 mg sub q every 4 hr. PRN for pain."
 - D. "Morphine 3 mg SC q 4 hr. PRN for pain."

27. A nurse is caring for a client who has depression and reports taking ST. John's wort along with citalopram. The nurse should monitor the client for which of the following conditions as a result of an interaction between these substances?
A. Serotonin syndrome
B. Tardive dyskinesia
C. Pseudo parkinsonism.
D. Acute dystonia.
28. A nurse is assessing a client who is receiving packed RBCs. Which of the following findings indicate fluid overload?
A. Low back pain.
B. Dyspnea.
C. Hypotension.
D. Thready pulse.
29. A nurse is calculating a client's expected date of delivery. The client's last menstrual period began on April . Using Nagele's rule, what date should the nurse determine to be the client's expected delivery date? (Use mmdd format.)

0119 date

- 30. A nurse is discussing group treatment and therapy with a client. The nurse should include which of the following as being a characteristic of a therapeutic group? A. The group is organized in an autocratic structure.
- B. The group encourages members to focus on a particular issue. (Mental Health Chapter 8 Page 42)
- C. The group must be led by a licensed psychiatrist.
- D. The group encourages clients to form dependent relationships.
- 31. A nurse manger is reviewing documentation with a newly licensed nurse. Which of the following notations by the newly licensed nurse indicates an understanding of the teaching.

82 B																										
A nur	se is receiv	ing cha	nge-of	-shift	repoi	t for	a gi	roup	of c	lients	s. W	hich	of th	e fol	lowir	ng cl	ients	sho	uld t	he n	urse	plan	to a	sses	s fir	st?
• 0		0	. 0	*		*		٥					0					0						5		
0	A client wh	no has	sinus a	rrhyth	mia	and	is re	ceivi	ng c	ardia	ic m	onito	ring													
0	A client wh	no has	a hip fr	acture	e and	a n	ew o	nset	of to	achy	pne	a														
Ō	A client wh	no has	epidura	al anal	gesia	and	d we	akne	ss in	the	low	er ex	trem	ities												
Ŏ	A client wh	no has	diabete	es mel	litus	and	a he	mog	lobir	A10	of	6.8%														
83.	A																									
	rse is providi e include?	ng dieta	ary teach	ning to	a clie	nt wh	no has	s a ne	ew di	agnos	is of	f irrital	ble bo	owel s	syndr	ome.	Whi	ch of	the fo	ollowi	ng re	comn	nenda	tions		uld the
	o • •		0		٠		0									0				. 0						
0	Consume fo	ood hial	n in bran	fiber.																						
0	Increase in																									
Õ	Sweeten fo				syrup).																				
Õ	Increase in	take of	foods hi	gh in g	luten.																					
84. A nu	<mark>A</mark> Irse is carin	g for a	n infant	: who	has c	oarc	tatio	n of	the a	orta	. Wł	nich o	f the	follo	wing	g sho	uld t	he n	urse	iden	tify i	as an	exp	ecter	d fin	ding?
	0 + •		• 0			٠		0	4		4		0	٠	٠			0	4				0			
0	Weak fen	noral p	ulses																							
0	Frequent	noseb	eeds																							
0	Upper ex	tremity	hypote	ension																						
0	Increased	d intra	ranial p	oressu	re																					
85.	A																									
A nu	ırse is provi	ding tea	aching to	o a clie	nt ab	out t	he a	dvers	se eff	ects	of se	ertralir	ne. W	/hich	of th	e fol	lowin	g ad	verse	effe	cts s	hould	the	nurse	inc	lude?
	0	+	• 0		•							0					0				•	0		•		
0	Excessive	sweati	ng																							
Õ	Increased			ency																						
Õ	Dry cough	1																								
0	Metallic ta		mouth																							

165.A nurse is preparing to administer a new prescription for isoniazid (INH) to a client who has tuberculosis. The nurse should instruct the client to report which of the following findings as an adverse effect of the medication?

- a. "You might notice yellowing of your skin."
- b. "You might experience pain in your joints."
- c. "You might notice tingling of your hands."
- d. "You might experience loss of appetite."

166.A nurse is providing information about tuberculosis to a group of clients at a local community center. Which of the following manifestations should the nurse include in the teaching? (Select all that apply.)

- a. Persistent cough
- b. Weight gain
- c. Fatigue
- d. Night sweats
- e. Purulent sputum

167.A nurse is caring for a group of clients. Which of the following clients are at risk for pulmonary embolism? (Select all that apply.)

- a. A client who has a BMI of 30
- b. A female client who is postmenopausal
- c. A client who has a fractured femur
- d. A client who is a marathon runner
- e. A client who has chronic atrial fibrillation

168.A nurse is assessing a client who has a pulmonary embolism. Which of the following information should the nurse expect to find? (Select all that apply.)

- f. Bradypnea
- g. Pleural friction rub
- h. Hypertension
- i. Petechiae
- j. Tachycardia

169.A nurse is reviewing prescriptions for a client who has acute dyspnea and diaphoresis. The client states she is anxious and is unable to get enough air. Vital signs are HR 117/min, respirations 38/min, temperature 38.4 C (101.2 F), and blood pressure 100/54 mm Hg. Which of the following nursing actions is the priority?

- k. Notify the provider.
- 1. Administer heparin via IV infusion.
- m. Administer oxygen therapy.
- n. Obtain a spiral CT scan.

170.A nurse is caring for a client who has a new prescription for heparin therapy. Which of the following statements by the client should indicate and immediate concern for the nurse?

- o. "I am allergic to morphine."
- p. "I take antacids several times a day."
- q. "I had a blood clot in my leg several years ago."
- r. "It hurts to take a deep breath."

- 149. 149 A nurse is assessing a client who has a **chest tube** following a **thoracotomy.** Which of the following findings **requires intervention** by the nurse?
 - a. Tidaling with spontaneous respirations
 - b. Drainage collection chamber is 1/3 full
 - c. 1 cm of water present in the water seal chamber
 - d. Suction chamber pressure of -20 cm H20
- 150. A provider has written a do not resuscitate order for a client who is comatose and does not have advance directives. A member of the clients family says to the nurse, "I wonder when the doctor will tell us what's going on" Which of the following actions should the nurse take first
 - a. Request that the provider provide more information to the family.
 - b. Refer the family to a support group for grief counseling.
 - c. Offer to answer questions that family members have.
 - d. Ask the family what the provider has discussed with them.
- 151. A nurse is performing a skin assessment on a client who has risk factors for development of skin cancer. The nurse should understand that a suspicious lesion is
 - a. scaly and red
 - b. asymmetric, with variegated coloring
 - c. firm and rubbery
 - d. brown with a wart-like texture
- 152. A nurse is interviewing an **older adult client** about the **physiological changes** he has been experiencing. Which of the following changes should the nurse recognize is normally associated with the aging process?
 - a. Decreased sense of taste
 - b. Decreased blood pressure
 - c. Increased gastric secretions
 - d. Increased accommodation to near vision
- 153. A nurse in an intensive care unit is planning care for a client who has **alcohol withdrawal syndrome**. Which of the following should the nurse include in the plan of care?
 - a. Administer disulfiram.
 - b. Provide frequent orientation to time and place.
 - c. Engage the client in group therapy.
 - d. Perform gastric lavage.
- 154. A nurse is assessing a client's cardiovascular system. **Identify** where the nurse should place the diaphragm of the stethoscope to best hear the closing of the **aortic heart valve**. (Selectable areas or Hot Spots" can be found by moving your cursor over the artwork until the cursor changes appearance, usually into a hand. Click only on the Hot Spot that corresponds to your answer.)

- A nurse is caring for a client who had gastric bypass surgery 1 week ago and has manifestations of e arly dumping syndrome. Which of the following findings should the nurse expect? (Select all that apply)
 - A. Hypertension
 - B. Diaphoresis
 - c. Syncope
 - D. Fever idr putting this one
 - E. Dizziness

Early manifestations: Feeling of fullness, weakness, dizziness, palpitations, sweating, abdominal cramping, and diarrhea

- A nurse is caring for a male client who has a s pinal cord injury. Which of hte following techniques should the nurse use when p roviding perineal care?
 - A. Wash the penis from the scrotum to the tip using a spiral motion
 - B. Discard the washcloth after cleansing the urethral meatus
 - c. Don sterile gloves to prevent infection
 - D. Use water with no soap to prevent skin irritation
- A nurse is assessing a toddler whose parent is concerned about the child's hearing ability. Which of the following findings indicates the need for further hearing evaluation?
 - A. Lack of response to facial expressions
 - B. Uses gestures to communicate
 - c. Exaggerated startle response to sounds
 - D. Prefers group over solitary play
- A surgeon is obtaining informed consent from a client. When a nurse witnesses the client sign the consent form, which of the following legal requirements is the nurse confirming?
 - a. The nurse explained the risks and benefits of the surgery- PROVIDERS JOB
 - b. The nurse explained the surgical procedure in detail- PROVIDERS JOB
 - c. The client knows she may not longer refuse the procedure- Client has the right to refuse even if its seconds prior to the surgery.
 - d. The client agreed to the procedure voluntarily. meaning she wasn't forced to sign.

- A nurse on a medical-surgical unit is planning care for a group of clients. Which of the following clients should the nurse plan to see first?
 - a. A client who has diabetes mellitus and a morning blood glucose level of 120 mg/dL.
 - b. A client who has heart failure and an oxygen saturation level of 89%
 - c. A client who has atrial fibrillation and a ventricular heart rate of 105/min
 - d. A client who has polycystic kidney disease and a blood pressure of 130/85 mmHg
- A nurse is caring for a child who has cystic fibrosis and requires postural drainage. Which of the following actions should the nurse take?
 - a. Perform the procedure prior to meals
 - b. Administer a bronchodilator after the procedure
 - c. Hold hand flat to perform percussions on the child.
 - d. Perform the procedure twice a day.
- A nurse is caring for a client who is at 33 weeks of gestation following an amniocentesis. The nurse should monitor the client for which of the following complications
 - a. Contractions
 - b. Hypertension
 - c. Vomiting
 - d. Epigastric pain
- A nurse is providing care for a group of clients. Which of the following client's should the nurse assess first?
 - a. A client who has pneumonia with a productive cough
 - b. A client who has a NG tube in place and reports nausea
 - c. A client who received an opioid for pain following an appendectomy and has an SaO2 of 94%
 - d. A client who has a fracture tibia and reports shortness of breath
- 180. A nurse is admitting a client who has schizophrenia. The client states, "I'm hearing voices." Which of the following responses is the priority for the nurse to state?
 - a. "How long have you been hearing the voices?"
 - b. "What are the voices telling you?" of 28

- a. Euphoric mood
- b. All-or-nothing

thinking c. Disorganized

<mark>speech</mark>

- d. Hypochondriasis
- 144. A nurse and an assistive personnel (AP) are caring for a group of clients. Which of the following tasks is appropriate for the nurse to delegate to the AP?
 - a. Documenting the report of pain for a client who is postoperative
 - b. Applying a condom catheter for a client who has a spinal cord injury
 - c. Administering oral fluids to a client who has dysphagia
 - d. Reviewing active range-of-motion exercise with a client who had a stroke
- 145. A nurse is planning to administer ampicillin 100 mg/kg/day in divided doses every 12 hr to a newborn who weighs 4.34 kg (9.5 lb). Available is ampicillin 125 mg/ml. How many milliliters should the nurse administer per dose?

17 ml

- 146. A nurse is delegating tasks to an assistive personnel for a group of clients. Which of the following statements should the nurse make?
 - a. Take the client in room 106 to radiology
 - b. The client in room 109 has spilled his water pitcher
 - c. Tell me the standing weight of the client in room 102 before breakfast
 - d. Take the vital signs of the clients on this side of the unit
- 147. A nurse is caring for a client who has end-stage kidney disease. The client's adult child asks the nurse about becoming a living kidney donor for her father. Which of the following conditions in the child's medical history should the nurse identify as a contraindication to the procedure?
 - a. Hypertension
 - b. Primary glaucoma
 - c. Osteoarthritis
 - d. Amputation
- 148. A nurse is planning care for a preschool-age child who is in the acute phase of Kawasaki disease. Which of the following interventions should the nurse include in the plan of care?
 - a. Monitor the child's cardiac status
 - b. Gives scheduled doses of acetaminophen every 6 hr
 - c. Administer antibiotics via intermittent IV bolus for 24 hr
 - d. Provide stimulation with children of the same age in the playroom
- 149. A nurse has identified tasks to delegate to a group of assistive personnel (AP) after receiving change-of-shift report. Identify the sequence of steps the nurse should follow when delegating tasks to the Aps
 - a. Evaluate the AP's performance of each task (4)
 - **b.** Review the skill level and qualifications of each AP (1)
 - c. Monitor progress of task completion with each AP (3)
 - **d.** Communicate appropriate tasks to the APs with specific expectations (2)
- 150. A nurse in a surgical suite is planning care for a client who requires surgery and has a latex sensitivity. Which of the following strategies is appropriate for the client?
 - a. Tape stockinet over monitoring devices and cords

- 100. Admitting a client who is in labor and at 38 weeks of gestation. The client has a history of herpes simplex virus 2. Which of the following questions is most important for the nurse to ask the client?
 - a. "Are you currently taking acyclovir?"
 - b. "Do you have an active lesion?"
 - c. "When did your labor begin?"
 - d. "How long ago were you first diagnosed?"
- 101.A nurse is preparing an in-service for a group of nurses about malpractice issues in nursing. Which of the following examples should the nurse include in the teaching?
 - a. Leaving a NG tube clamped after administering oral medication
 - b. Administering potassium via IV bolus
 - c. Documenting communication with a provider in the progress notes of client's medical record
 - d. Placing a yellow bracelet on a client who is at risk for falls
- 102.Lab results of a client who has osteomyelitis and is receiving tobramycin. Which of the following findings indicate the client is experiencing an adverse effect of the medication?
 - a. Serum creatinine 0.4 mg/dL
 - b. Albumin 3.2 g/dL
 - c. Total bilirubin 0.08 mg/dL
 - d. BUN 30 mg/dL
- 103.A nurse is teaching a client who is trying to conceive. Which of the following should the nurse instruct the client to increase in her diet to prevent a neural tube defect?
 - a. Zinc
 - b. Calcium
 - c. Folate
 - d. Iron
- 104. The nurse practices the ethical principles of distributive justice by performing which of the following?
 - a. Ensuring that a client who is homeless receives preventive medical care
 - b. Being honest with the parents of a child about the need to report suspected abuse
 - c. Keeping a promise to visit with a client who is housebound after the delivery of care
 - d. Accepting the decision of an older adult client to live alone in her home
- 105. Client who is to receive alteplase recombinant for a thrombus in the coronary artery. Which of the following actions should the nurse include in the plan of care?
 - a. Observe for bruising of the skin
 - b. Provide a diet low in protein
 - c. Monitor v/s every hour for the first 4 hr.
 - d. Administer medications intramuscularly
- 106.Client with dementia. Which of the following actions should the nurse take to reduce the risk for client injury?
 - a. Keep the television on during the night
 - b. Place the bedside table at the foot of the bed
 - c. Raise the side rails up when the client is in bed
 - d. Assist the client to the toilet frequently
- 107. Assessment of an 8 y/o child. Which of the following findings indicates the need for intervention by the nurse?
 - a. Client eats at least one snack daily
 - b. Client's weight has increased by 0.9 kg (2 lb.)
 - c. Client's height has increased by 6.35 cm (2.5 in)
 - d. Client drinks 3 cups of 1% milk per day
- 108.Client following thyroidectomy. For which of the following complications should the nurse assess the client?
 - a. Muscular depression
 - b. Laryngeal stridor
 - c. Hypokalemia
 - d. Hyperglycemia
- 109. Teaching to a client who is at 12 weeks gestation. The nurse should tell the client that she will undergo which of the following screening tests at 16 weeks of gestation?
 - a. Maternal serum alpha-fetoprotein